Lockport Daily Journal.

LOCKPORT, N. Y.

Thursday Evening, June 25, 1868.

National Union Republican Nominations.

FOR PRESIDENT,

ULYSSES S. GRANT,

OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,

SCHUYLER COLFAX,

OF INDIANA.

Republican State Convention.

The Union Republican, and all other Electors of the State of New York who favor the election of GRANT and COLFAX, and support the Platform of the Union Republican party adopted at Chicago, May, 1868, are requested to meet in their respective Assembly Districts upon the call of the duly authorized local committees, to choose three Delegates to represent them in State Convention, to be held at SYRACUSE, ON WEDNESDAY, THE EIGHTH DAY OF JULY NEXT, at 12 o'clock M. of that day, for the purpose of nominating candidates for the offices of Governor, Lieut. Governor, Canal Commissioner, Clerk of the Court of Appeals, Inspector of State Prisons; and also to nominate an Electoral Ticket for President and Vice-President, to be supported at the ensuing election.

Dated Albany, June 4, 1868.

H. W. HASTMAN, CHARLES W. GODARD, H. N. HOLT, J. G. ABBS, W. H. MCKINNEY, CHARLES S. SPENCER, M. B. BROWN, WALDO HUTCHINS, IRA O. MILLER, M. D. ROBERTSON, M. M. MADDEN, JOHN H. ENTGHAM, JOHN LYON, HAMILTON HARRIS, H. J. KING, SIMEON LADHAM, E. A. MERRITT, F. D. CURTIS, ALVIN STUARTEVANT, E. E. LIVINGSTON, CHARLES H. HOPKINS, JAMES H. JENKINS, JAMES THRWELLING, T. W. COLLINS, ISAAC L. REDFIELD, A. B. CONNELL, LUTHER CALDWELL, ADOLF NOLTE, JOHN GIBBS, ALBERT SHERWOOD, GEORGE W. PALMER, State Committee.

Union Republican First Assembly District Convention.

The Union Republican, and all other Electors of the First Assembly District of Niagara County—comprising the Towns of Royalton, Lockport, Cambria, Pendleton, Wheatfield and the City of Lockport—who favor the election of Grant and Colfax, and support the Platform of the Union Republican Party adopted at Chicago May, 1868, are requested to send three Delegates from each Town and Ward comprising one Election District, and four Delegates from each Town comprising two Election Districts, to meet in Convention, at the Rooms of the Niagara County Grant Club, in the City of Lockport, on the FOURTH DAY OF JULY next, at one o'clock in the afternoon, to elect three Delegates to represent them in the Republican State Convention, called to meet at the City of Syracuse, on Wednesday, the 8th day of July next.

By order of the Committee.

Second Assembly District Convention.

The Union Republicans, and all other Electors of the Second Assembly District of Niagara County who favor the election of Grant and Colfax, and support the Platform of the Union Republican Party adopted at Chicago, May, 1868, are requested to send three Delegates from each Town comprising one Election District, and four Delegates from each Town comprising two Election Districts, to meet in Convention, at the JUDSON HOUSE, in the City of Lockport, on MONDAY, JULY 6, 1868, at one o'clock p. m., to choose three Delegates to represent them in the State Convention, at the City of Syracuse, on the 8th day of July next.

WM. POOL,
RALPH STOCKWELL,
P. H. MONTGOMERY,
District Committee.

The Niagara Journal Reduced in Price for the Campaign.

OFFER EXTRAORDINARY.

The overshadowing importance of the present campaign alone induces us to offer the NIAGARA JOURNAL, weekly, at a largely reduced price, published in its present mammoth size, at a large expenditure. It must be obvious to all tried friends of the Republic that the highest interest and permanent welfare of the country requires that the party that carried the country safely through the war and saved it from dissolution, should have an opportunity to secure to the country the *fruits of victory*. This cannot be done without the power to *administer*, as well as the power to make the laws. After the surrender of Lee, April 9th, 1865, we had a Republican Administration, but five days to the assassination of Lincoln, April 14th, 1865. The balance of the rebel army, under Johnston, laid down their arms on the 18th of April, and four days after the murder of our Republican President. Through assassination, treason and treachery, therefore, the party that saved the Republic have been deprived of the privilege of administering the government, and thereby establishing permanent peace. To secure this end—to ensure to the country the rich boon of which it has been thus far partially deprived by the murder of Abraham Lincoln, it is proposed to place General Grant in the Presidential Chair. Under this great leader, who never lost a battle, we expect to march on to assured victory. The Press must be prominent among the means of securing this object, and in placing the thirty-three electoral votes of the Empire State in the Republican column for GRANT & COLFAX.

We design that the JOURNAL shall be among the most efficient of the campaign home journals in this State, and that we may reach the largest number of persons possible, we propose to send our weekly sheet, full size, four and a half months to Clubs, not less than six, for fifty cents per copy. Persons preferring to subscribe for one year, including the campaign, for Clubs of six or more, per copy, $1.50. Postmasters or others procuring a Club of twelve subscribers will be entitled to an extra copy. Parties wishing to order fifty or a hundred copies for circulation, on application, will receive special proposals.

In addition to political matter, the Niagara Campaign JOURNAL will embrace a complete summary of news at home and abroad, with a variety of literary, miscellaneous, agricultural, horticultural, &c. We trust that the friends of the good cause throughout the county will immediately interest themselves and forward the names.

DAILY JOURNAL.

The increasing expenditure on our Daily will scarcely permit of even a temporary reduction of price. We think our readers generally would prefer that we increase the expenditure on our Daily rather than reduce the price. But, as an inducement to parties wishing to order the Daily by mail, we will say that we will send six copies to one address four and a half months, to November 15th, for two dollars per copy.

Recapitulation.

Six Copies of NIAGARA JOURNAL, (Weekly,) 4½ months	$3 00
Twelve Copies, 4½ months	6 00
Six Copies, one year	9 00
LOCKPORT DAILY JOURNAL—Six Copies, to one order, 4½ months	$12 00

Parties desiring to order 50 or 100 copies, for gratuitous circulation, can make a special contract at still further reduction.

The St. Louis Democrat says that "Brick" Pomeroy's recent speech in that city made Grant 200 votes, and wants "Brick" to come again.

A Falsehood Revived.

The Albany *Argus* revives the repudiated and exploded falsehood and fraud sought to be imposed on the public in September last, consisting of "Sixteen reasons why General Grant should not be elected President," and attributed to Schuyler Colfax. The *Union* of last evening copies from the *Argus* this slale slander, and is so well pleased with it, that it makes it its leader. We copy entire that the whole thing may again be nailed to the counter:

Colfax against Grant.

SIXTEEN REASONS WHY GRANT SHOULD NOT BE ELECTED PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES, AS GIVEN BY SCHUYLER COLFAX.

From the Albany Argus.

During the year 1867 a formidable movement was organized in the Republican party against the nomination of Grant for the Presidency. This movement was understood to be headed by Speaker Colfax. He thought he saw at that time that the agitation of Grant's claims would injure his own chances, and in case of Grant's nomination he would be crowded off even for the second place on the ticket.

While Colfax was travelling about the country last summer, delivering his lecture on his overland trip to California, a circular appeared which attracted a large share of attention. It was called at the time the "Colfax circular," and was published in the Argus and in most of the journals in the country. While this circular was openly charged upon Colfax and his friends, no denial that such was its source was ever made directly or indirectly. That the circular was put forth by the approval of the Speaker, there is no room for doubt. It emanated from Colfax's friends in Indiana, and was sent broadcast over the country.

The following is the Circular:

SIXTEEN REASONS WHY OUR REPUBLICAN PARTY SHOULD NOT RUN GEN. GRANT FOR PRESIDENT IN 1868.

1.—He has *all* he deserves at the hands of the American people.
2.—He could not deliver an Inaugural Adress.
3.—Because no *Democrat* has succeeded for the past quarter of a century as *President of the United States*
4.—Because at this peculiar period in the history of our great country, we need an ABLE AND EXPERIENCED STATESMAN at the "White House."
5.—Because *one Hundred Thousand Graves and Four Million of Freedmen* DEMAND A REPUBLICAN PRESIDENT AND VICE-PRESIDENT.
6.—He is now and *always has been a Democrat*, and has *never endorsed the Republican Party.*
7.—Because he has proved a *failure in every capacity* outside of the military.
8.—He claims to have no knowledge of Politics or National affairs.
9.—Because all the *Democratic and Rebel papers* endorse him.
10.—He has followed our drunken Democratic Johnson *in all his Rebellious* rows against *Congress and our Party.*
11.—Because he has *insulted the Republican Party* by endorsing the removal of the Secretary of War, and accepting the position *himself.*
12.—We have *one hundred* better men for President.
13.—Because all parties claim him as belonging to *their* party.
14.—We have the power to elect a *Statesman*, if we wish to.
15.—Because the Democrats and Rebels have *no other available candidate.*
16.—Because Illinois gave us the IMMORTAL LINCOLN, and Indiana offers OUR MOST AVAILABLE CANDIDATE.

AMERICAN REPUBLICANS

☞ Please Post this up.

There is no doubt but that the above expresses the views entertained by a large majority of Radicals less than a year ago, concerning the candidacy of Gen. Grant. Then the General was hob-nobbing with President Johnson, and giving him aid and comfort in his warfare with Congress. His sympathies were with the President. Hence the cause for the bitter feeling expressed in the Circular. But he has since "changed his mind." He forfeited his word with Johnson in order to get the empty compliment of a nomination.

What confidence can the people place in a man who has shown himself so unstable upon the most vital issues before the country? How long will he maintain his present political relations? Who will be cheated next?

But there is a very significant point in the circular, the sixteenth reason is very suggestive. Notice the language: "Illinois gave us the Immortal Lincoln, and *Indiana offers our most available candidate.*"

Of course this reference was to Colfax, and the drift of the circular was to direct public attention to him. He was the available Indiana candidate, and the bitterness expressed toward Grant, who intended to benefit the Speaker, as it was claimed that he possessed the opposite qualifications attributed to Grant. —*Lockport Union*

The Lockport *Union* should have known better than to have repeated from the *Argus*, what in the first place bears upon its face its own refutation, which was at the time authoritatively contradicted and set at rest. In this paper, Lockport Daily JOURNAL, Sept. 16, 1867, we published the following:

The impudent circular giving "sixteen reasons why General Grant should not be nominated for the Presidency," states as the last reason, that Indiana furnishes the most available candidate for the position. Two eminent statesmen of that Commonwealth have been named in this connection: Senator Morton and Speaker Colfax. *The Indianapolis Journal, in behalf of the former, says "that he has no sympathy with the circular, and would be pained to learn that any friend of his had descended to such an ungenerous method of attacking General Grant, or any other possible candidate." The South Bend Register, formerly edited by Mr. Colfax, is authorized by him to say that instead of countenancing it, "he utterly repudiates and condemns the whole circular, and all of its charges and insinuations against General Grant, from beginning to end. Nor does Mr. C. believe that any friend of his had any agency whatever in its preparation, printing or circulation."* This emphatic protest is worthy the generous heart and noble nature of the distinguished Speaker of the House of Representatives; and the disclaimer on the part of Senator Morton is alike creditable to him.

Here is an explicit repudiation of the falsehood, and no truthful journal could attempt its revival. Our apology for using the space required for the "sixteen reasons" is, that the reader may see from the character of those reasons, that they are Copperhead and not Republican in their origin. When they first appeared, their character was so transparent that they were thought to be unworthy of denial or notice. After their repudiation their origin was satisfactorily traced to that pink of democracy, Brick Pomroy.

It is not true that General Grant was not seriously advocated as President by the Republicans during the year 1867. One year ago this journal and most of the Republican journals, and nearly the entire Republican party advocated the election of General Grant to the Presidency, earnestly and persistently. It is true, however, that he has every day improved in the confidence and in the affections of the people.

The Chase Ruse.

The *World*, it will be remembered, put out a feeler or two for Chase and then of a sudden turned a complete somersault, and in very plain English told the Chief Justice that there was no reason to suppose that the Democrats had any serious intention of nominating him for the Presidency. The was a circular movement demanding an explanation. Accordingly that sheet comes out in a leader frankly confessing that its seeming advocacy of Chase was only a *ruse!* No further explanation is vouchsafed us, but it is not difficult to divine the true explanation. It was thought by some that Judge Chase, if nominated, would divide the negro vote. The *World* said that unless that vote could be divided the Democracy might hang its harp on the willows, and who but Chase could effect the division? With this as the mainspring of action, the movement went forward, until it came to a sudden stand-still. To show the party his power in this direction, Mr. Chase sought and obtained an interview with Mr. Harris, the eloquent North Carolina negro orator, with whom, before his apostacy, the Chief Justice had been on very friendly terms. He thought Mr. Harris would act upon his suggestions, and upon the first opportunity make known his admiration for Chase, and thus satisfy the doubting Thomases of the Democracy of the feasibility of his scheme for dividing the negro vote. But alas, this well laid scheme miscarried. Instead of helping on the Chase movement, this Mr. Harris brought it to an inglorious conclusion. Very soon after the conversation referred to, he made a speech, in old Faneuil Hall, in which he took strong ground for Grant and Colfax, and thus satisfied the *World* and its sympathizers that to nominate Chase would not have the desired effect. There was, therefore, no way for the *World* to get out of the Chase ring but to come out flatfooted against him and say that its advocacy of him was only a ruse. Seldom has a single speech been so effective. That the *World* should be moved by the tongue of a negro is a miracle worthy of special note. The paragraph which transfixed Chase and made the New York organ of the copperheads revolve in an opposite direction was the following.

"Now we are told that if the Democratic party nominate certain candidates there is fear among some that they will divide the colored vote. Now, my friends, let me assure you, in the name of 71,000 colored voters in North Carolina, and I think I can also assure you in the name of the 700,000 loyal black voters in the South, no candidate that the Democratic party might reach down and bring up [laughter]; no candidate that the Democratic party might reach up and drag down; no man who breathes the free atmosphere of heaven who would accept the nomination at the hand of the Democratic party, no such man could obtain the support of the black people of the South. [Loud applause.] As I have said before, on another occasion, if the Democratic party were to nominate an angel we would not vote for him, as in the very fact of his accepting a nomination of the Democratic party would be evidence of his being a fallen angel. [Laughter.] And, in my opinion, he would have fallen very low when he shall first rest on a copperhead platform." Renewed applause].

Constitutional Election in Mississippi.

Monday last was fixed on as the day on which to begin the Mississippi election under the provisions of the reconstruction legislation. A vote will be taken for or against the Constitution framed by the late convention, and State officers chosen to serve in case of its adoption. The candidates in nomination are as follows:

Republican.	GOVERNOR	*Democratic.*
Heroth B. Eggleston.		Benj. G. Humphreys.
	LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.	
Andrew J Jamison.		Kinloch Falconer
	SECRETARY OF STATE.	
Robert S. Alcorn		James L. McCaskill
	TREASURER.	
Duncan McA Williams.		A. P Stover.
	AUDITOR.	
William J Morgan.		Thomas T. Swann
	ATTORNEY GENERAL	
Joshua S. Morris.		C. E. Hooker.
	SUPERINTENDENT PUBLIC INSTRUCTION	
Charles W. Clarke.		D. P. Bestor.
	REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS.	
1. Jeff. L. Wofford,		Charles T. Townsend,
2. Jonial Rallsback,		Thomas N. Martin,
3. Charles A. Sullivan,		G P. M. Turner,
4. George C. McKee,		George Potter,
5. Legrand W. Pierce		William T. Martin

Mr. Eggleston was a colonel of cavalry from Ohio and later a brigadier-general, who served with distinction in the Army of the Cumberland, and when the war was over, turned his sword into a ploughshare for the benefit of his adopted State—Mississippi—which now hastens to acknowledge his services. The Democratic candidate is a Confederate general, and was elected Governor under the reconstruction policy of 1865. He has continued to exercise the functions of that office, until, on the 16th inst., when a military order from General McDowell relieved him.

The Coin in the Treasury.

The coin in the Treasury has exceeded the sum of $100,000,000. Now, it is only $70,000,000 in excess of the outstanding gold certificates.

Very soon this sum will be further lessened by the payment of $8,000,000 of Mexican war debt, $30,000,000 of interest, and (it is likely) $7,000,000 for our new possession of Alaska. These payments will make a large hole in the ballance now in the Treasury; and it is probable that there will not be $50,000,000 of coin in the Treasury on the 4th of July next—that is, above the amount deposited there by private owners, and balanced by gold certificates.

In view of this, should not Congress be a less extravagant? It is very well to be liberal where liberality is called for; but the salaries of our Government clerks are large enough already. How, then, recently, could members of Congress be found to vote for an increase of twenty *per cent.* to the salaries of Government clerks, who had little to do, and pass their spare time, which is not very limited, in dressing "nobby," and airing themselves on Pennsylvania avenue?

In these times of paper money, our coin cannot be expended with too much care, and the Government would do well to restrict its speculations in the purchase of foreign territory, which must be paid in gold, and are very dear to us at this time, for we have no spare money, though there is $70,000,000 in gold in the Treasury.

The Western New York Horticultural Society.

The summer meeting of this Society commenced yesterday in the city of Rochester. In the absence of the President, Vice President Vick presided.

Messrs. Moody, Elwanger, Sylvester, Frost and Hercudeen were appointed a committee to report business.

Messrs. Hooker, of Rochester, Hoag, of Lockport, and Beadle, of St. Catherines, were appointed a committee to examine and report on fruits and flowers exhibited.

Mr. Hoag thought the apple crop, so far as he had observed, would be light, and that of pears almost a failure. The peach crop in Niagara county promises to be good. Strawberries are a light crop there. Dry weather of the last season he thought was the cause.

Mr. Babcock of Lockport, reported a good show for grapes in his locality. The worms had not done much mischief if any. He asked for information as to the cause of rust or mildew upon young pears which was destroying the crop. He exhibited some samples of such pears.

Mr. Hoag said there was a worm on the trees that forms in nests and may be destroyed by soap-suds applied with a pole and swab on the end.

It appeared by the discussion that there are two kinds of worms bearing a resemblance, the one nesting in groups and the other going alone.

Mr. Beadle, of St. Catharines, thought a man who allowed his orchard to be overrun with caterpillars ought to lose it. These worms must be looked after when young, in the Spring. He had not seen this new worm much, but he believed that they could be destroyed by soap suds. It would not do to give up to worms and bugs. The enemy must be fought and could be conquered.

Mr. Craig replied that there was no difficulty in getting rid of catapillars, but what was to be done with the other worm that appears on the leaf and destroys it.

New Advertisements.

DRS. FASSETT & GROSVENOR

HAVE formed a partnership for the practice of Medicine and Surgery. Dr. GROSVENOR will give special attention to

Diseases of the Eye and Ear:

Office over Keep's Clothing Store, No. 7 Main St. Residence 21 Genesee St., Lockport, N Y. je25-dctf

STRAWBERRY FESTIVAL

First of the Season!

The Ladies of the Freedmen's Aid Society will hold an ICE CREAM AND STRAWBERRY FESTIVAL

AT ARCADE HALL,

On Friday Evening, June 26th, 1868,

For the purpose of maintaining their Teacher another year.

Admission 15 cents. je22-d4t

WANTED!

AN EXPERIENCED DINING-Room Girl, at the City Hotel, immediately. dtf

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP

BETWEEN Drs. D. S. Fassett and M. S. Kittenger is this day dissolved, by mutual consent. D. S. FASSETT, M. S. KITTENGER. je22-dclm

MRS. ECKLER

WILL OPEN A SCHOOL FOR little Boys and Girls, at her residence, No. 43 NIAGARA ST., LOCKPORT, to commence June 29th, 1868. Terms—50 cents per week. Hours from 9 to 1 o'clock.

N. B—The Fall Term of the Young Ladies' Seminary will commence Sept. 2d, 1868. Any one wishing for circulars will please address the Principal, je23-d3m Mrs. ECKLER.

HUMPHREYS'

HOMŒOPATHIC SPECIFICS!!!

HAVE PROVED, FROM THE MOST AMPLE experience, an entire success: Simple, Prompt, Efficient and Reliable. They are the only Medicines perfectly adapted to popular use—so simple that mistakes cannot be made in using them; so harmless as to be free from danger, and so efficient as to be always reliable. They have received the highest commendation from all, and will always render satisfaction.

		Cents.
1,	Cures Fevers, Congestion, Inflammation	25
2,	" Worms, Worm-Fever, Worm-Colic	25
3,	" Crying-Colic, or Teething of Infants	25
4,	" Diarrhœa of children or adults	25
5,	" Dysentery, Griping, Bilious Colic	25
6,	" Cholera—Morbus, Vomiting	25
7,	" Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis	25
8,	" Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache	25
9,	" Headaches, Sick-Headache, Vertigo	25
10,	" Dyspepsia, Bilious Stomach	25
11,	" Suppressed, or painful Periods	25
12,	" Whites, too profuse Periods	25
13,	" Croup, Cough, difficult Breathing	25
14,	" Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions	25
15,	" Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains	25
16,	" Fever & Ague, Chill Fever, Ague	50
17,	" Piles, blind or bleeding	50
18,	" Ophthalmy, and sore or weak Eyes	50
19,	" Catarrh, acute or chronic, Influenza	50
20,	" Whooping-cough, violent Coughs	50
21,	" Asthma, oppressed Breathing	50
22,	" Ear Discharges, Impaired Hearing	50
23,	" Scrofula, enlarged Glands Swellings	50
24,	" General Debility, Physical Weakness	50
25,	" Dropsy, and scanty secretions	50
26,	" Sea-Sickness, sickness from riding	50
27,	" Kidney-Disease, Gravel	50
28,	" Nervous Debility, Seminal Emissions, Involuntary Discharges	1 00
29,	" Sore Mouth, Canker	50
30,	" Urinary Weakness, wetting bed	50
31,	" Painful Periods, with Spasms	50
32,	" Sufferings at change of life	1 00
33,	" Epilepsy, Spasms, St Vitus' Dance	1 00
34,	" Diphtheria, ulcerated Sore Throat	50

FAMILY CASES.

35 large vials, morocco case, and book complete	$10 00
20 large vials, in morocco, and book	6 00

VETERINARY SPECIFICS.

Mahogany cases, 10 vials, with book	$10 00
Single vials, with directions	1 00

☞ These Remedies, by the case or single box, are sent to any part of the country, by Mail or Express, free of charge, on receipt of the price Address

HUMPHREYS' SPECIFIC HOMŒOPATHIC MEDICINE COMPANY,

Office and Depot No. 562 Broadway, New York.

Dr. HUMPHREYS is consulted daily at his office, personally or by letter, as above, for all forms of disease.

DURING THE SUMMER AND FALL

EVERY FAMILY

are exposed to what are known as "SUMMER COMPLAINTS,"

DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, CHOLERA MORBUS

and CHOLERA INFANTUM. They are well known to be troublesome and dangerous to adults, causing suffering, severe sickness, loss of time and not unfrequently loss of life

AMONG CHILDREN

They are terribly fatal, causing sickness, emaciation, wasting, and frequently death. Old school medicine and the drugs of the sh ps generally do more harm than good; and, dangerous as the diseases are, the doctors and drugs are far more so. Now

HUMPHREYS'

HOMŒOPATHIC SPECIFICS

are the perfectly satisfactory remedies for these diseases, *Simple Harmless, Pleasant,* and INFALLIBLE, can always be given and always be relied upon; cause no very bad effects and no sickness, and will cure. To be had in boxes or vials at 25 or 50 cents each, of all first class Druggists.

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THE GREATEST

FAMILY MEDICINE

KNOWN

FOR BURNS, BRUISES, SPRAINS, LAMENESS, STRAINS, TOOTHACHE, FACEACHE, NEURALGIA, SORE THROAT, PILES, RHEUMATISM

IT CANNOT BE EXCELLED.

It cures all HEMORRHAGES, whether bleeding from the Face, Teeth, Lungs, Stomach, or from Piles, or from other organs—affording prompt relief and speedy cure. For Ulcers, Old Sores, Varicose or Swelled Veins of the Legs, it is indispensable.

PRICE 50c., $1.00, & $1.75,

For the different sized bottles.

☞ For sale by all Druggists je23-deod eiy

OFFICIAL HISTORY OF THE WAR,

BY HON. ALEXANDER H. STEPHENS'

GREAT WORK.

A Constitutional View of the Late War Between the States;

Its Causes, Character, Conduct and Results.

BY HON. ALEXANDER H. STEPHENS,

Vice President of late Confederate States

☞ Mr. JAS H. STAATS has been appointed Agent for this City and County, and will call upon our citizens very soon with the work. je15-dctf

Five Cakes for 20 Cts.

ENGLISH GLYCERINE AND HONEY HIGHLY PERFUMED

TOILET SOAP!

For sale by PATTERSON & HARTWELL. je18-dtf

73 Acres of Land on Ridge Road, for Sale.

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS A choice Farm, situated one mile east of Wright's Corners, on Ridge Road, for sale on favorable terms: This Farm has on it about 500 choice fruit trees, one living spring of pure water that never fails, together with good wells, and all the necessary and convenient buildings, and moderate quantity of good timbered land, and is a very desirable Farm.

JOHN COOKE. je16-dc2m

Watches and Jewelry.

DAVISON BRO'S,

Would call attention to their elegant assortment of

WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY,

including every article properly coming under that head.

WATCHES

Of American and European manufacture.

REPAIRING DONE by a Competent Workman.

je13-tf 44 Main Street.

ROCHESTER BERRY BOX.

THE CHEAPEST and best Berry Box ever offered in the market. HALLOCK & COLBY Patents Neat, strong, compact, and goes together without sacks.

WILSON GARNSEY & CO., Agents, ap7-dc3m 81 Main street.

TEAS! TEAS! TEAS!!

WE INVITE AN INSPECTION OF OUR

NEW CROP OF

Choice Teas

GOOD AS THE BEST, AND

CHEAPER than the CHEAPEST!

Good Young Hyson	$1.00
Choice do	1.25
Best Japan	1.20
Best Imperial	1.20
Long-Arm Chop	1.00
Fine Oolong	1.00
Best do	1.25

ALSO,

Old Hyson, Gunpowder, and English Breakfast,

at corresponding low prices.

☞ Clubs ordering from New York, CAN BUY BETTER TEAS of us at same or less prices, and save express charges.

ALL TEAS WARRANTED.

RALSTON & HUNTLEY.

May 23d, 1868—dc3m

THE

PIVOT-ACTION BRACE!

A Superior Suspender for Skirts or Pants!

An unequalled Brace for the Shoulders!

ALWAYS A SUSPENDER!

A BRACE OR NOT AT PLEASURE

Its simplicity, durability, ease, and convenience commend it to every Lady, Gentleman or Youth. Examine for yourself, and be convinced that all herein stated is true.

Prices, 75 cents, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50.

FOR SALE BY

RALSTON & HUNTLEY,

Sole Agents.

WOOL DUSTERS—A new article; handsome, durable, *cheap*, and will not scratch the finest furniture, for sale by RALSTON & HUNTLEY.

KENTUCKY, Bourbon and Rye Whiskies, of choice quality, at RALSTON & HUNTLEY'S.

MUDGE'S RHUBARB WINE—Highly recommended by Physicians in cases of Debility and Weakness, or Indigestion and Constipation, and as a gentle stimulant for the aged or infirm. RALSTON & HUNTLEY, Sole Agents.

ENGLISH HONEY SOAP—FIVE Cakes for 20 cents, at Ralston & Huntley's.

WASHING MADE EASY—Washing Crystals, at RALSTON & HUNTLEY'S.

Office of the Brooklyn White Lead Co.,

89 MAIDEN LANE, NEW YORK.

CAUTION.

DEALERS IN WHITE LEAD and CONSUMERS of PAINT, are cautioned against the many SPURIOUS PAINTS put up in imitation of the brands of this Company.

Every package of PURE LEAD sent out by us has the following COPYRIGHT TRADE MARK attached, printed on BLUE PAPER. No others are genuine.

Many paint grinders in New York City and elsewhere are selling Lead branded in close imitation of ours, such as "Brooklyn Standard," "Brooklyn White Lead," &c. All of them are mere bogus productions, containing LITTLE OR NO LEAD, and only intended to deceive the public. We put no other name than our own upon our Lead and Cans.

The following are our regular brands: "PREMIUM PURE," Standard Brand, Blue Label; "REFINED," Yellow Label; "ALBION," Red Label.

Railways, Steamships and Manufacturers supplied at lowest market rates. For sale at principal Druggists and Dealers. je12-dc3m

CHILDREN TEETHING

MOTHERS! MOTHERS!! MOTHERS!!!

DON'T FAIL TO PROCURE

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup,

For Children Teething:

This valuable preparation has been used with NEVER FAILING SUCCESS IN THOUSANDS OF CASES.

It not only relieves the child from pain, but invigorates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. It will also instantly relieve

Griping in the Bowels and Wind Colic.

We believe it the BEST and SUREST REMEDY IN THE WORLD, in all cases of DYSENTERY and DIARRHŒA IN CHILDREN, whether arising from teething or any other cause.

Full directions for using will accompany each bottle.

Be sure and call for

"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,"

Having the *fac-simile* of "CURTIS & PERKINS," on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

je22-dc6mins

THE COUPONS

OF THE

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS

OF

THE UNION PACIFIC

RAILROAD COMPANY,

DUE JULY 1st, 1868,

Will be paid on and after that date,

In Gold Coin, Free of Government Tax,

At the Company's office, No. 20 NASSAU STREET, New York.

Schedules with twenty or more coupons, will now be received for examination, and gold checks for the same will be delivered June 30th.

je16-dc3w JOHN J. CISCO, Treasurer.

TO FARMERS, WOOL GROWERS

AND OTHERS.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD respectfully inform the Farmers, Wool Growers and others of Niagara County that they will commence Wool Carding on the 15th of May, in the

Trevor Building, on Market St.,

a few rods East of the Railroad Bridge, Lockport, where they will be prepared, by the aid of new and the most improved machinery, combined with a thorough knowledge of the business, to do custom work or roll carding in a manner unequalled heretofore in this County, and which cannot fail to give perfect satisfaction to those who may give them a trial. We would respectfully solicit the patronage of all who wish to have their work done well.

TERMS—Cash, or Wool.

ap1-dc2m* BROADBENT & BAXENDALE.

640 MILES

OF THE

UNION PACIFIC

RAILROAD

Are now finished and in operation. Sixty miles of track have been laid this spring, and the work along the whole line between the Atlantic and Pacific States is being pushed forward more rapidly than ever before. More than twenty thousand men are employed, and it is not impossible that the entire track, from Omaha to Sacramento, will be finished in 1869 instead of 1870. The means provided are ample, and all that energy, men and money can do to secure the completion of this

GREAT NATIONAL WORK,

at the earliest possible day, will be done.

The UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY receive:

1. **A Government Grant** of the right of way, and all necessary timber and other materials found along the line of its operations.

2. **A Government Grant** of 12,800 acres of land to the mile, taken in alternate sections on each side of its road. This is an absolute donation, and will be a source of large revenue in the future.

3. **A Government Grant** of United States Thirty-year Bonds, amounting to from $16,000 to $48,000 per mile, according to the difficulties to be surmounted on the various sections to be built. The Government takes a second mortgage as security, and it is expected that not only the interest, but the principal amount may be paid in services rendered by the Company in transporting troops, mails, &c. The interest is now much more than paid in this way, besides securing a great saving in time and money to the Government.

4. **A Government Grant** of the right to issue its own FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS, to aid in building the road, to the same amount as the U. S. Bonds, issued for the same purpose, and *no more.* THE GOVERNMENT PERMITS the Trustees for the First Mortgage Bondholders to deliver the bonds to the Company only as the road is completed, and after it has been examined by United States Commissioners and pronounced to be in all respects a first-class railroad, laid with a heavy T rail, and completely supplied with depots, stations, turnouts, car-shops, locomotives, cars, &c.

5. **A Capital Stock Subscription** from the stockholders, of which *over Eight Million Dollars* have been paid in upon the work already done, and which will be increased as the wants of the Company require.

6. **Net Cash Earnings** on its Way Business, that already amount to MORE THAN THE INTEREST on the First Mortgage Bonds. Those earnings are no indication of the vast through traffic that must follow the opening of the line to the Pacific, but they certainly prove that

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS

upon such a property, costing nearly three times their amount,

Are Secure beyond any Contingency.

The Company have abundant means in their treasury, and make no appeal to the public to purchase their Bonds, as the daily subscriptions are entirely satisfactory; but they submit that, for entire security and liberal returns, there is certainly no better investment in the market.

Are Secure Beyond any Contingency.

The Union Pacific Bonds run thirty years, are for $1,000 each, and have coupons attached. They bear annual interest, payable on the first days of January and July at the Company's Office in the City of New York, at the rate of six per cent. in gold. The Principal is payable in gold at maturity. The price is 102, and at the present rate of gold, they pay a liberal income on their cost.

The Company believe that these Bonds, at the present rate, are the cheapest security in the market, and reserve the right to advance the price at any time

Subscriptions will be received in Lockport by KILBORNE & HALL and F. C. LATHROPE, and in New York

At the Company's Office, 20 Nassau St.,

AND BY

John J. Cisco & Son, Bankers, No. 59 Wall St.,

And by the Company's advertised agents throughout the United States.

REMITTANCES SHOULD BE MADE in drafts or other funds par in New York, and the Bonds will be sent free of charge by return express. Parties subscribing through local agents, will look to them for their safe delivery.

A PAMPHLET AND MAP FOR 1868 has just been published by the Company, giving fuller information than is possible in an advertisement, respecting the Progress of the Work, the Resources of the Country traversed by the Road, the Means for Construction, and the Value of the Bonds, which will be sent free on application at the Company's offices or to any of the advertised agents.

JOHN J. CISCO, Treasurer,

May 25, 1868—ap21-dc3m NEW YORK.

For LINEN & WHITE GOODS

OF ALL KINDS, GO TO

GUILD & LELAND'S,

No. 88 Main Street.

my29-dcf

JOUVEN'S INODOROUS

KID GLOVE

CLEANER

WILL

Instantly Clean Kid Gloves, without injuring the most delicate color, and is

ENTIRELY FREE FROM ANY ODOR

The Gloves can be cleaned on the hand and worn immediately. One bottle will save you the price of a dozen pairs of Gloves.

☞ For sale by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.

None Genuine without the Signature of

F. C. WELLS & CO.,

192 FULTON ST., NEW YORK,

WHOLESALE AGENTS.

mar11-d6m,ins

STONE PUMPS, STONE SPRING PIPE, WOOD PUMPS.

ALL WORK delivered and put up promptly—on trial, if desired.

N. B.—All work warranted. Repairing done to order. Depot No. 30 Genesee St., between Cottage and Pine streets, opposite Judge Holmes' residence. Address, GRIFFIN & FISK, Box 457, Lockport, N. Y. ap14-dc6m

WALL PAPERS

THE BEST NEWEST LARGEST AND CHOICEST VARIETY AND EXTENSIVE STOCK OF

THE LATEST STYLES

AND THE FINEST QUALITIES EVER OFFERED IN LOCKPORT ARE NOW SOLD AT

S. ROGERS'

BOOK-STORE, 15 MAIN ST.

This day large arrivals of fresh supplies to increase the stock and variety of above goods, at S. ROGERS' Book Store, 15 Main street.

By Telegraph.

WESTERN UNION LINE.

REPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE JOURNAL & COURIER.

Morning Report—9 o'clock A. M.

Base Ball.

Chicago, June 25.

The Atlantics, of Brooklyn, and the Forest City club of Rockford, Illinois, played a match game of base ball yesterday, which resulted in favor of the former by a score of 85 to 11.

Latest Western News.

Desmoines, June 25.

The statement published in western papers regarding the ravages of grass-hoppers in Iowa, are greatly exagerated—only fourteen counties are infested. Some f