

RUTLAND HERALD.

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1867.

Editorial Correspondence.

Dear Herald.—Since the departure of General Sheridan the Legislature has been busily engaged in its legitimate work. On Thursday Governor Page nominated to the Senate, and they confirmed, Lafayette F. Ward of Westminster, as a member of the Board of Education, in the place of Edward Conant of Randolph, resigned. Mr. Conant is Principal of the State Normal School for the second Congressional District, located at Randolph, and as the Board of Education have the general supervision of these schools, and nominated their principal, he did not deem it proper that one in this position should be a member of the Board. It is understood that the Board of Education have tendered the Secretaryship to Andrew E. Rankin, Esq., of St. Johnsbury, vice J. Sullivan Adams, Esq., of Burlington, resigned. Mr. Rankin is a graduate of Middlebury College, a teacher of excellent reputation, and is at present the County Clerk of Caledonia County.

The papers of the State have noticed the unjustifiable attacks made by Secretary Adams in his annual report upon the Board of Education, on account of their selection of the texts books for the schools. It is to be regretted that one who has done so great service for Vermont and her schools, however much he might have differed from the Board, should have allowed himself to give vent to his private prejudices against them in the report, much to the injury of the Educational interests of the State. We do not however propose to review the position taken by Mr. Adams, as the Board have prepared an elaborate and searching answer to the charges made, and in reference to Mr. Adams himself, which we shall lay before our readers at an early day, which will be a full refutation of the position taken by him, and giving full reasons for their action.

The hearing in the Wallowacoos Railroad controversy was commenced on Thursday evening before the committee on railroads of both Houses. Hon. C. Willard, Hon. Timothy P. Redfield, Hon. Leverett B. Englesby, Hon. A. B. Gardner, B. F. Field, Esq., and Tarrant Sibley, Esq., appearing as counsel for the Messrs. Burdens, the applicants, Hon. T. W. Park, Hon. Lake P. Poland and Hon. Dudley C. Denison, appear for Mr. Park in resisting the application. The first evening was consumed in the examination of E. F. Johnson, a civil engineer, who presented maps and profiles. Every point was contested and brought out that would favor the project, and the opposition were very careful to bring out all that was damaging to the application. On the second evening so great was the desire of members to listen to the proceedings, that the Hall of the House of Representatives was opened to the committee. The examination of Messrs. Wm. F. and James Burden took place, which mainly consisted in making an explanation of the reasons for the application, the extent of their business relations and the mining resources they are seeking to develop. The cross-examination related to the same subjects, and in addition various inquiries as to their relations and contracts with the Troy and Boston Railroad, with an occasional episode in reference to the late election in Bennington County. The applicants rested their testimony for the present on Friday evening. Mr. Park, it is expected, will commence the testimony in opposition on Tuesday.

The Legislature, contrary to expectation, had a quorum on Saturday morning, and busy sessions were had in both houses; but no quorum appeared in either house in the afternoon. Were it not for railroad questions, the Legislature could, from all that now appears, adjourn on Wednesday the 13th.

Washington Items.

The Adams Express Agent for the United States Treasury Department on Saturday received orders from China for a supply of specimen samples of fractional currency. They will be sent to the Chinese government at once. This is the second order received from a foreign country for these specimens within three months.

—John H. Gilmer, the rebel lawyer who protested against the legality of the election ordered by Gen. Schofield in Virginia, arrived here from Richmond on Saturday, and hopes to obtain interference from the President or Gen. Grant with Gen. Schofield's action, and to sustain his protest.

—Gen. Grant issued an order on Saturday granting one week's leave of absence to all the clerks connected with the War Department who wish to go home to vote at the approaching election. In accordance with this, a large number of clerks left last evening for New York.

—The Secretary of War has issued an order raising the standard of qualifications for appointment to the army to what it was before the war, which will require proficiency in several branches of higher mathematics, including plain and solid geometry, logarithms, &c. A more thorough examination is also required. The result of this will be a diminution in the number of applications.

—John Minor Botts of Virginia arrived in Washington on Saturday. He takes very despondent view of the political condition of Virginia. He thinks that the whites of Virginia are disposed to proscribe negroes for voting in favor of a convention, and says that numbers of the latter have been discharged by their white employers in the cities, as well as in the country. The negroes, Mr. Botts says, are forming co-operative societies, and their determination is not to work for those who have proscribed them when there shall be a demand for labor.

—The National Democratic Executive Resident Committee met at the Metropolitan Hotel on Friday. All the members were present, together with a number of specially invited gentlemen. The general state of the country and the prospects of the Democrats in the November elections were freely discussed. An address to voters at the elections to be held during the present month was adopted, calling upon them to unite with them in laboring for the success of the Democratic party. The committee have extended a special invitation to the National Democratic General Committee to meet them at the Metropolitan Hotel at noon on Thursday next. The committee, after a free interchange of views on the situation, adjourned until next Thursday at noon.

—In a claim for the second installment of bounty by a soldier at home on furlough, on the grounds that regiments mustered out in the field were allowed pay while en route to and until they arrived at State rendezvous, the place of final discharge and payment; and the time thus paid for embraced the full period of eighteen months, the proper accounting officer decides that as he had no journey to perform, he is consequently entitled neither to travel, pay subsistence in kind nor commutation therefor, his discharge taking effect immediately on the muster out of his regiment. He was neither subject to military orders after that date, nor entitled to pay; and having served less than eighteen months, the second installment had not matured, and no bounty is due.

—The Provincial Correspondent, published at Berlin, semi-officially announces that the Prussian Government will interfere in the affairs of Italy if necessary to preserve the peace of Europe.

—The Paris Moniteur declares that Napoleon has demanded an explanation from Victor Emanuel regarding the latter's invasion of Papal territory.

—Lord William Rosse, a celebrated astronomer, died at London, Friday in the sixty-seventh year of his age.

—Two policemen were shot, probably by Fenians, in the streets of Dublin on last Wednesday night. A reward of £1,000 has been offered for the arrest of the assassins.

—The marriage of King George of Greece, and the Princess Olga, was celebrated Friday at St. Petersburg, with great ceremony.

—Allen and four other Fenians, who were on trial at Manchester for murder, were on Friday convicted of that offense. Gen. Warren is now on trial before the Commission at Dublin.

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Local and State Items.

AN AGED CITIZEN ASSAULTED.—Mr. Reuben Clark, father of H. G. and Norman Clark, was assaulted and knocked down in front of Buffum's Block, about six o'clock on Saturday evening, by a Frenchman, who was intoxicated, named Francis Gillette, from Centre Rutland. He was arrested and sent to jail. He said he procured his run near by where the assault was made. Shall such transactions be allowed on public streets by drunken men.

BASE BALL MATCHES.—A friendly game of base ball was played in Cuttingsville on Saturday last between the Dexter Base Ball Club of Rutland and Always Ready Club of Cuttingsville, resulting in a victory for the Dexters by a score of 40 to 0; also a game between the Dexter and Nameless Clubs (senior) on the same day and place, resulting in a victory for the Dexters by a score of 32 to 7.

REPUBLICAN STATE COMMITTEE.—The Republican State Committee met on Wednesday last at Montpelier, for the purpose of organization. The committee consists of the following gentlemen: First Congressional District—Charles W. Willard, Montpelier; Redfield Proctor, Rutland, Geo. W. Grandy, Vergennes, Brattleboro; Roswell Farnham, Bradford; Samuel E. Pingree, Hartford. Third Congressional District—G. G. Benedict, Burlington; Wm. W. Groat, Barton; Dana R. Bailey, St. Albans.

An organization was perfected by the election of Gen. Geo. W. Grandy, of Vergennes, Chairman, and G. G. Benedict, of Burlington, as Secretary and Treasurer.

We are authorized to say that early and vigorous measures will be adopted by the Committee preparatory to the approaching Presidential campaign.

BONDING TOWNS TO BUILD RAILROADS.—For several days the question of bonding towns to build railroads has occupied the attention of the Legislature, the bill allowing the towns interested in the building of the Lamolle Valley railroad to bond themselves having been under consideration. The bill passed the House and was sent to the Senate. The House afterwards re-called the bill and the Senate sent it back. The vote by which the bill was passed was reconsidered, and then came amendments of various kinds, some of which were adopted, taking from the bill some of its objectionable features. After a protracted session on Thursday afternoon until seven o'clock, the bill again passed the House as amended, and sent to the Senate where it will be considered.

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An act to incorporate the union marble company.

An act to protect fish in Duck Pond.

An act to incorporate the Parks and Woolson machine shop company.

An act to protect fish in Ticklenacked Pond.

An act to protect fish in Howe's Pond.

An act to incorporate the East Poultry cheese manufacturing company.

An act to legalize the grand list of the town of Waterville.

Young Men's Christian Convention.—We are requested to publish the following call for a Young Men's Christian Convention for the County of Windham, to be held at Brattleboro November 12th:

It is one of the most encouraging signs of the times that God is everywhere turning the hearts of His people to a deeper consideration of the importance of activity and union in His service. As a result of this change of feeling, Christians in various parts of the country have been moved to assemble together, regardless of denominational distinctions, to provoke one another unto love and good works, and to consider more especially the means by which the lay members of the church may accomplish more than heretofore in the service of Christ, in the fulfillment of His great command to "preach the gospel to every creature."

In accordance with this feeling a mass Christian convention was held at Burlington, commencing October 8th, under the auspices of the Young Men's Christian Associations of Vermont. That convention was a great success. To many of the Christian pastors and people of our State it proved a Jerusalem indeed. Among other resolutions the convention passed the following:

Resolved, That the associations of this State be requested to act in connection with the State Executive Committee to provide for holding Christian conventions in each county, having in view as an object the organization of Young Men's Christian Associations throughout the State.

To carry out the spirit of this resolution, as well as to arouse an interest in the churches to the great work given us to do, and to aid in securing that union of effort and sympathy among Christians which is so important to the greatest success in our God-given mission, we cordially invite each evangelical church in this county to send its pastor and as many of its members as have a desire or would esteem it their privilege to attend, to meet in a mass Christian convention to be held in the Congregational Church at Brattleboro, commencing at 9 o'clock on the morning of Nov. 12th, and ending at 9 P.M.

Do not feel, brethren, that this is a matter in which you have no interest. The destiny of hundreds of souls in our country is at stake. Let us, who love the Lord Jesus, prove ourselves equal to the demands of the hour.

In conclusion, let us urge those who attend, to come laying aside all sectarian prejudices, all disposition to stand aloof and look on with critical coldness, and be prepared to contribute each his own earnest efforts and prayers that this convention may prove a blessing to our county, and the beginning of a new era in its religious history. Brothers and Sisters remember us at the Throne of Grace.

Pray for us.

F P Brown, Rutland; Geo E Davis, Burlington; S F Brooks, St Johnsbury; Theodore Swift, Manchester; A C Stevens, Brattleboro, State Executive Committee.

N Mighill, H H Peabody, F W Smith, A C Stevens, Pastors of Churches at Brattleboro, Vt.

O B Douglas, A C Davenport, A H Wright, Special Committee of the Y. M. C. A., Brattleboro.

QUESTIONS FOR DISCUSSION.—"What relation does the Young Men's Christian Association bear to the Church?" "What can be done to carry this county for Christ?" "What are the means best adapted to develop the talent to our Churches?"

[We are requested to state that the Brattleboro people would be glad to see a delegation from each Young Men's Christian Association in the State.—EWS.]

A VALUABLE GIFT TO THE STATE.—Mrs. P. L. Robinson of Bennington has presented to the State a fine portrait of Governor Isaac Tichenor, copied from the original by herself, and it is a work which evinces a taste and skill that show a fine appreciation of the original picture. She has a taste for painting, and has performed the work in leisure hours from a love of art, for she is not a professional artist, and paints only for her own amusement. The State of Vermont have reason to be especially grateful to Mrs. Robinson, not only for her love and taste in copying it, and for its kind donation to the State House collection. But for her labor and forethought the State would not have possessed a portrait of one of its earliest and most eminent chief magistrates to adorn the walls of its capital. Ex-Governor Hiland Hall, who was a townsman, and long familiar with Governor Tichenor, certifies to its being a correct likeness of him. It will be placed in the Executive chamber, and will be the only oil painting of any of the Governors except a very faithful one of the late Governor Charles K. Williams, painted some years since by the artist Mason, for the Rutland county Bar, which, at the close of Gov. Williams' official service, was very properly presented to the State, as his

long services as Chief Justice of the Supreme Court had given him a wide fame, and the crowning of his public life as Governor, made the portrait more valuable to the State. The Executive chamber now contains likenesses of Governors Tichenor, Mattocks, Paine, Fairbanks, Holbrook and Smith. It is hoped Governors Hall and Dillingham will soon be added to the list. We understand Mrs. Robinson has also copied a faithful portrait of Governor Hall recently, and which we trust may be added to the collection. Had we preserved, as other States have done, portraits of all our chief magistrates, what a fine gallery would there now be at the capital, of a noble race of men. Mrs. Robinson is an unassuming lady, who has performed this noble act, without reward, from simple love of art, and has no expectation of a public announcement, yet we trust no rules of propriety have been violated in doing an act of justice to her for her truly valuable labors.

HOESAC TUNNEL.—Several ineffectual attempts have been made to recover the bodies of the men lost in the recent accident at the central shaft at the Hoesac Tunnel, and on Friday the North Adams fire engine was employed to force down air, after which Thomas Mallory descended to the water, and found it 48 feet deep. It will be impossible to do anything effectually toward recovering the bodies until proper machinery is erected and the water pumped out.

ACROSS THE SIERRA NEVADAS THE CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD.—The Western half of the Great National Trunk Line across the Continent, being constructed with the aid and supervision of the United States Government, is destined to be one of the most important lines of communication in the world, as it is the sole link between the Pacific Coast and the Great Interior Basin, over which the immense overland travel now passes, and the principal portion of the main stem line between the two Oceans.

Its line extends from Sacramento, on the tidal waters of the Pacific, eastward across the Rocky Mountain range, to Salt Lake Valley, Nevada and Utah, contiguous to all the great Mining Regions of the Far West, and will connect with the roads now building east of the Rocky Mountains. About 100 miles are now built, equipped and in running operation to the summit of the Sierra Nevada. Within a few days 35 miles, now graded, will be added, and the track carried entirely across the mountains to a point in the Great Salt Lake Valley, whence further progress will be easy and rapid. Iron, materials and equipment are ready at hand for 300 miles of road, and 10,000 men are employed in the construction.

The local business upon the completed portion surpasses all previous estimates. The figures for the quarter ending August 31 are as follows: Gross earnings, \$487,579 64; operating expenses, \$36,548 47; net earnings, \$451,031 17, or at the rate of two millions per annum, of which more than three-fourths are net profit, or less than 100 miles worked. The local business upon the completed portion of the actual, legitimate traffic of the road, with its terminus in the mountains, and with only the normal ratio of government transportation, and a few exceptions of military carriages, and a few other extensions of the road.

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Ayer's Hair Vigor, For the Renovation of the Hair. The Great Desideratum of the Age.



A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color and the gloss and freshness of youth. Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make other preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can be used with perfect safety. If wanted in bulk, apply to the Proprietors.

HAIR DRESSING, containing also can be found so desirable, containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil with a comb, and yet lasts longer on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla, FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.



The reputation of this excellent medicine enjoys a wide and deserved fame, derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvelous. It is a powerful purifier of the blood, and is especially adapted to the treatment of Scrophulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrophulous contamination of the blood. It is a powerful purifier of the blood, and is especially adapted to the treatment of Scrophulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrophulous contamination of the blood. It is a powerful purifier of the blood, and is especially adapted to the treatment of Scrophulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrophulous contamination of the blood.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., Practical and Analytical Chemists.

THE PHOTOGRAPH BUSINESS WILL CONTINUE AS USUAL

at corner of Merchants' Row and West Street. CLARK'S BLOCK, under the supervision of HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS JAS. O. MERRILL, notwithstanding the withdrawal that was notified in yesterday's Herald over the name of F. Mowrey. All Supplies are invited to call and be assured of the best of prices.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS! FRESH ARRIVALS AND LOW PRICES.

The subscriber would announce to the citizens of Hydeville and the surrounding country that he has on hand, and is constantly receiving, large supplies of Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats and Caps, Groceries and Provisions, Furniture, School Books, Stationery, and in fact everything usually kept in a country store. A splendid assortment of FLOUR just received direct from the mills. I offer my stock as cheap as similar goods can be procured elsewhere in this section. Give us a call, and we will suit you as to prices and quality. E. D. BILLINGS, Hydeville, Vt., April 1, 1867.

CLOTH SHADES. Just received, a splendid assortment of Gilt and Painted Shades at greatly reduced prices. Call and examine. TUTTLE & CO. Oct. 13, 1867.

GOODNOW & CO. Repair Rubber goods at short notice.